**Keywords**: Inventory, Listing, Technical Specification, Fixed Asset Register, Productive & Non-productive Asset, Surplus & Off-Balance Sheet Asset, Age, Effective Age, Economic Life, Physical Life, Factor Affecting Life, Historical Cost, Acquisition Cost, Book Cost, Written Down Value, Net Book Value

1	P&M: Plant & Machinery, FAR: Fixed Asset Register  Which of following is not part of data collection during the visit of plant for the purpose of
ı	valuation?
/ A /	Inspection of PSM (asset)
В	Making inventory/listing of P&M (asset)
G	Market survey of P&M
D	Description/Technical Specification of P&M (asset)
2	Which document should be referred/studies before starting an inspection of P&M?
A	Fixed Asset Register (FAR)
В	History of company management
С	List of machinery with technical specification
D	Process & plant layout
3	Which type of classification should be taken in account during the making of listing?
A	Production & general machinery
В	Laboratory, utility & material handling equipment
С	Piping, locomotive (vehicles), electrical installation and control system
D	All of above
4	Which type of machinery should be getting first priority for inspection by valuer?
A	Production & utility
В	General machinery
[	Material handling equipment
D <b>5</b>	Electrical installation and control system
a A	Which type of classification should be taken in account during the making of listing?  Installed machinery
В	Surplus and non-operating machinery
C	Out of premises, not inspected and leased machinery
D	All of above
6	Equipment used for quality control (QC) and quality assurance (QA) is called
A	Material handling equipment
В	Electrical installation
С	Utility equipment
D	Laboratory equipment
7	Crane, jibs, conveyor, elevator, trolley, pallet trucks, stacker, reclaimer, is example of
A	Material handling equipment
В	Electrical installation
С	Utility equipment
D	Laboratory equipment Make SUGGESTION & QUELVAT
8	Mobile equipment that not licensed for use on public road is called
Α	Vehicle
В	Plant vehicle SWaminpic damail com
<u>C</u>	
D 9	Surplus equipment
J	Wiring, conduit, switch gear, distribution panels, circuit breakers, safety switches, bus duct, bus bar, junction boxes, transformer is example of
A	Material handling equipment
П	recorder numering equipment

	rage 2 or 0
В	Electrical installation
<u>C</u>	Utility equipment
D	Laboratory equipment
10	Boiler, thermic fluid heater, air compressor, DG set, cooling tower, air handling unit,
	uninterrupted power supply, is example of
A	Material handling equipment
В	Electrical installation
C	Utility equipment W. — W. H.
D /	Laboratory equipment
11	Identification of P&M is broadly classified as
A	Specific & Nonspecific identification
В	Macro & micro identification
C	Mini & More identification
D	All of above
12	The studies of entire manufacturing process by identifying major components contributing to the
	design capacity and product of the plant is called
A	Macro identification
В	Identification of industry
С	Micro identification
D	Identification of process
13	The process of finding the individual characteristics of the machine or equipment is called
A	Macro identification
В	Identification of industry
C	Micro identification
D	Identification of process
14	Notation of technical specification of machinery is
A	Micro identification
В	Macro identification
С	Specific identification
D	Nonspecific identification
15	Which of the following technical specification should be collected for the machinery?  Name of machine & manufacturer
А В	Serial, model & identification number
С	Size, capacity, type & MoC
D	All of above
16	Which of the following technical specification should be collected for the machinery?
A	Description of machine
В	Piping & electric connection
C	Motor, drive & controls
D	All of above
17	Which of the following data cannot be collected from the name or label plate of machine?
A	Name of manufacturer make suggestion & query at
В	Year of put in use
С	type or size or capacity
D	Year of manufacture of worm hold a complete company
18	Which of the following is included in studies the macro identification?
A	Product & by product
В	Process & plant layout
С	Installed capacity & actual production
D	All of above

40	
19	Which of the following is not included in studies the macro identification?
A	Size & capacity of machine
В	Availability of raw material & other utility
С	Quality of finished goods & market demand
D	Usage (nos. of shift), interdependency & maintenance
20	Which of the following is not included in studies the macro identification?
A	National & industrial growth rate
В	Model, type, serial no., name & year of mfg.
C	Fixed asset to turnover ratio & profitability ratio
D	Regulatory measure
21	Which of the following is included in studies the macro identification?
A	Plant efficiency and obsolescence
В	Status of safety and environmental standards
С	Schedule of maintenance
D	All of above
22	Value of P&M is largely depends on
A	Location
В	Type of industry
C	Technical specification
D	Product
23	Price of two machines manufactured by same manufacturer & in same year is deferring
	because
A	Location
В	Type of industry
C	Technical specification Y U S U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U
D	Product
24	Value of tank having 1000 gallon capacity is more than value of tank having 1000 liter capacity
	because of
A	Location
В	Type of industry
C	Technical specification
<u>D</u>	Product
25	During the inspection of tank, data collected valuer is type, capacity, type of stirrer, motor, and
٨	supporting structure. Which data is missing which can affect the value most
<u>А</u> В	Thickness of plate  Material of construction
<u> </u>	
<b>L</b>	(A) & (B) None of above
26	
<b>26</b>	A source of pricing and reference material for valuation of P&M is
<b></b>	Specification manual & catalog of manufacturer
В С	Price list of manufacture, vendor & supplier
<u> </u>	Published price guideline like contract awards to public or private company  All of above
ט 27	A source of pricing and reference material for valuation of PSM is
Z I	Client' purchase and invoice copy
В	Trade show, exhibition and internet site
	Personal contacts & other valuer
<b>D</b>	All of above
ט 28	Which of the following should be considered as most reliable source of information for technical
20	specification of machinery?
	apeemieedum or macimier y:

## Identification of Plant & Machinery

B Purchased order C Information provided by operator C Information provided by company management In normal course of business, valuer is assessing the machinery & equipment by A Electrical test B Mechanical test Visual inspection C Test of calibration C Test o	A	Technical manual provided with supply of machine
Information provided by operator Information provided by company management Information provided by company management Information provided by company management Information provided by company Iterative is assessing the machinery 8 equipment by  Electrical test Visual inspection  Test of calibration  Which type of discrepancy may occur when listing of machinery on the site is compared with of company?  A Available on the site but not available in FAR  Available on the site but not available in FAR  Available on the site but not available on the site  Both (A) 8 (B)  None of above  Self made P8M by company using dwn material 8 labor Israe tank have been converted into small tanks Asset is treated as revenue expenses in account  All of above  All of above  Which cause may be that P8M is available in FAR but not available on the site?  Outside factory premises for repairs Biven on the rent or lease! C Items of a revenue nature applicative  A Non-productive asset  B Productive asset  C Surplus asset  C Surplus asset  Off-balance sheet asset  A Non-productive asset  Productive asset  B Productive asset  C Surplus asset  D Off-balance sheet asset  A Non-productive asset  B Productive asset  B Productive asset  C Surplus asset  D Off-balance sheet asset  A Non-productive asset  B Productive asset  C Surplus asset  D Off-balance sheet asset  A Non-productive asset  B Productive asset  C Surplus asset  D Off-balance sheet asset  A Non-productive asset  B Productive asset  C Surplus asset  D Off-balance sheet asset  A Non-productive asset  C Surplus asset  D Off-balance sheet asset  D Off-bala		·
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37 The number of years elapsed since an item of property was originally built		<u> </u>
A SECONOMIC LITE	A	Economic life
B Physical life		
C Effective age		• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
D Age		

38	If a machine is manufactured (built) in the year of 2011, than what is age of machine in 2018
/ <b>A</b>	7 year
В	8 year
С	6 year
	10 year — —
39	If a machine is manufactured (built) in the year of 2011, purchased in the year of 2013 and put in
	use in the year of 2015 than how much year of machine' should be considered as an age?
A	7 year
B /	5 year
	3 year
D	Depends on the purpose of valuation
40	If a machine is manufactured (built) in the year of 2011, purchased in the year of 2012 and put in
70	use in the year of 2013 than how much year of machine' should be considered as an age, if
	purpose of valuation is for Income Tax?
A	7 year
В	5 year
C	3 year
D	6 year
41	Mr. A has purchased a second machine in the year of 2015. From the name plate of machine,
7'	valuer has come to know that machine was original built in the year of 2011. How much year of
	machine should be considered as an age? (assume that machine has not rebuilt or renovated)
A	7 year
B	5 year
С	3 year
D	6 year
42	The apparent age of machinery in comparison with a new asset of like kind is called
44	(the age indicated by the actual condition of a machine)
Α	Economic life
R	Physical life
B	Physical life
C	Effective age
<b>C</b> D	Effective age Age
C	Effective age Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will
<b>C</b> D	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from
<b>C</b> D	Effective age  Age  The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or
C D 43	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called
C D 43	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life
C D 43	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life
C D 43 A A B C	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age
C D 43 A B C D	Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age
C D 43 A A B C	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically
C D 43 A B C D	Effective age  Age  The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life  Physical life  Effective age  Age  An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes,
C D 43 A B C D	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically
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A B C D 44	Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence Remaining physical life
C D 43 A B C D	Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence Remaining physical life Physical life
A B C D 44	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence Remaining physical life Physical life Effective age
C D 43  A B C D 44  A B C D D	Effective age Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence Remaining physical life Physical life Effective age Age
C D 443  A B C D 444	Effective age  Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence Remaining physical life Physical life Effective age Age The estimated number of years that a new machine may be profitably used for the purpose for
C D 43  A B C D 44  A B C D D	Effective age Age The estimated period of time, usually stated in number of years, that a new property will physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence is called  Economic life Physical life Effective age Age An estimated period during which a property of a certain effective age is expected to physically endure before it deteriorates or fatigues to an unusable condition purely from physical causes, without considering the possibility of earlier retirement due to functional or economic obsolescence Remaining physical life Physical life Effective age Age

С	Effective age
/ D	Age
46	The estimated period during which a machine of a certain age is expected to continue to be
	profitably used for the purpose for which it was planned is called
A	Economic life — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
В	Remaining physical life
C	Physical life Ph
D	Remaining Economic life
47	For estimation of economic life of machinery which factor should taken into consideration
A	Usage
В	Maintenance record
С	Operation/Environmental condition
D	All of above
48	If machine get rebuilt and renovation than effective age compare to age will be and
	economic life will be
A	Reduce, enhance
В	Enhance, reduce
С	Reduce, reduce
D	Enhance, enhance
49	Relationship of economic life & physical life is
A	Economic Life = Physical life
В	Economic Life > Physical life
C	Economic Life < Physical life
D	Cannot say
50	If upkeep and maintenance have been high, then the effective age may be than the actual
	age.
A	More
В	Less
С	Equal
D	None of above
51	The initial capitalized cost of machine at the time it was first put into service or use is called
A	Book cost
В	Acquisition cost
<b>C</b>	Historical cost None of above
D <b>52</b>	
32	The total cost that a company recognizes on its books for machinery or equipment after adjusting for discounts, incentives, other necessary expenditures and taxes is called
	(Cost of an asset after deducting discounts, and adding normal incidental costs except taxes)
Α	Book cost
В	Acquisition cost
	Historical cost
D	None of above
53	A cost which don't involve any cash payments but a provision is made in the books of accounts in
	order to include them in the profit and loss account and take tax advantages is called
A	Book cost
В	Acquisition cost
С	Historical cost
D	None of above
54	Value calculated as the original cost of an asset minus any accumulated depreciation,
	accumulated depletion, accumulated amortization, and accumulated impairment is called
A	Net Book Value

00000/0000	
В	Book cost
C	Written Down Value
D	All of above
55	Value of an asset computed by deducting the accumulated depreciation or amortization from the
Λ	value shown in the account books is called  Written Down Value
<b>A</b> B	Acquisition cost
C	Historical cost
D /	None of above
56	The provision for depreciation and unpaid interest on owner's fund or capital is an example of
Α	Book cost
В	Acquisition cost
C	Historical cost
D	None of above
57	Which of these lists includes items that all form part of the cost of equipment?
A	Freight, rentals, maintenance
В	Freight, installation, maintenance
С	Purchase price, installation, depreciation
D	Purchase price, freight, installation
58	In books of account, after deducting accumulated depreciation from historical cost using
	straight line method of depreciated derived value is called
A	Net Book Value
В Г.	Book cost Written Down Value
	All of above
59	In books of account, after deducting accumulated depreciation from historical cost using
J J	declining method of depreciated derived value is called
A	Net Book Value
В	Book cost
C	Written Down Value
D	All of above
60	Life of machinery is affected by which of following?
A	Poor maintenance
В	Wear & tear
<u>C</u>	Unskilled operator
D	All of above
61	Schedule preventive maintenance will be the economic life of machinery.
Α	Reduce 4-41 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -
B C	Shrink
D	Not affect
<b>62</b>	Which of the following is an economic factor related to an asset's service life?
A	Depreciation
В	Obsolescence
C	Cost of repair
D	All of above
63	In books of account, depreciation begins with
A	Asset purchase
В	Asset put in use
Г	Asset sold out

D	Asset built
64	The book value of a plant asset is
A	The fair market value of the asset at a balance sheet date
В	Equal to the balance of the related accumulated depreciation account
C	The asset's acquisition cost less the total related depreciation recorded to date 📻
D	The assessed value of the asset for property tax purposes
65	Which of the following is not a major characteristic of a plant asset?
A	Possesses physical substance
B /	Acquired for resale
C \	Acquired for use
D	Yields services over a number of years
66	Which of the following building structure will not treated as plant?
A	Chimney of boiler
В	Road
C	Fire brick in boiler
D	RCC tank for storage of raw material
67	Which of the following building structure will be treated as plant?
A	A building with insulated walls used as a freezing chamber in cold storage
В	Thermocol insulation in a cold storage
С	Coke oven
D	All of above



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